

**Normal Distribution**

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## Normal Distribution

1. X is a normally distributed random variable with  $X \sim N(30, 25)$ .

Find:

a)  $P(X \geq 38)$

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta}$$

Therefore,  $P(X \geq 38)$  will be given by:

$$\begin{aligned} Z &= \frac{38 - 30}{5} \\ &= \frac{8}{5} \end{aligned}$$

$$= (1.6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= P(Z \geq 1.6) = 1 - P(Z \leq 1.6) = 1 - \Phi(1.6) = 1 - 0.94520 \\ &= (0.0548) \approx 0.05 \end{aligned}$$

b)  $P(X \leq 23)$

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta}$$

Therefore,  $P(X \leq 23)$  will be given by:

$$Z = \frac{23 - 30}{5}$$

$$= -1.4$$

$$= P(Z \leq -1.4) = \Phi(-1.4) = 0.8076 \approx 0.81$$

c)  $P(X \geq 21.8)$

$$Z = \frac{21.8 - 30}{5}$$

$$= -1.64$$

$$= P(Z \geq -1.64) = P(Z \leq 1.64) = \Phi(1.64) = 0.95$$

$$d) P(24.7 \leq X \leq 40.25)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= P\left(\frac{24.7 - 30}{5} \leq Z \leq \frac{40.25 - 30}{5}\right) = P(-1.06 \leq Z \leq 2.05) \\ &= \Phi(2.05) - \Phi(-1.06) = 0.97983 - 0.14457 = 0.83526 \approx 0.84 \end{aligned}$$

$$2. X \sim N(3.5, 0.64)$$

Find:

$$a) P(X \leq 4)$$

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta}$$

$$Z = \frac{4 - 3.5}{0.8} = 0.625$$

$$= P(Z \leq 0.625) = \Phi(0.625) = 0.73565 \approx 0.74$$

$$b) P(X < 2)$$

$$Z = \frac{X - \mu}{\delta}$$

$$Z = \frac{2 - 3.5}{0.8} = -1.875 = \Phi(-1.875) = 0.03005 \approx 0.03$$

$$c) P(2.8 \leq X \leq 5.2)$$

$$= P\left(\frac{2.8 - 3.5}{0.8} \leq Z \leq \frac{5.2 - 3.5}{0.8}\right) = P(-0.875 \leq Z \leq 2.125)$$

$$= \Phi(2.125) - \Phi(-0.875) = 0.98342 - 0.18943 = 0.79399 \approx 0.79$$

$$3. \text{ Variance} = 20, \mu = ?, \text{ and we have } P(X \leq 30) = 0.84$$

Thus,  $\delta = \sqrt{20}$ . Z value that corresponds to  $0.84 \approx 0.99$ , but;

$$X = Z * \delta + \mu, \text{ implying that, } \mu = X - Z * \delta$$

$$30 = 0.99 * \sqrt{20} + \mu$$

$$\mu = 30 - 0.99 * \sqrt{20} \approx 25.57$$

4. a)

Top 0.5% is equivalent to 0.005

Implying that  $A_L = 1 - 0.005 = 0.995$

0.995 corresponds to a Z value of 2.57

But  $X = Z * \delta + \mu = 2.57 * 13 + 56 = 8.41$

b) Lower Quantile of the marks implies 25% = 0.25

A Z score corresponding to 0.25 = -1.96. Thus;

$$X = -1.96 * 13 + 56 = 30.52$$

5. a) Mean =  $\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n X_i}{n} = \frac{74+69+\dots+71+66}{15} = \frac{1050}{15} = 70.00$

b)  $n = 15, \bar{x} = 70, \delta = 4$

$$CI = (\bar{x} - Z_\alpha * \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}} \leq \mu \leq \bar{x} + Z_\alpha * \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}})$$

$$CI = \bar{x} \pm Z_\alpha * \frac{\delta}{\sqrt{n}}$$

$$A_L = \frac{CI + 1}{2} = \frac{0.95 + 1}{2} = 0.975 = 1.96$$

$$70 \pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{15}} * 1.96 = (67.98, 72.02)$$